Vandenberg Jr. Is Selected As Eisenhower's Secretary

W. P. Rogers, Former Aide to Dewey, Named Deputy Attorney General

By RUSSELL PORTER

Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower, President-elect, yesterday named Arthur H. Vandenberg Jr., 45 years old, of Grand Rapids, Mich., to be Secretary to the President, and William P. Rogers, 39, a war veteran of Bethesda, Md., to be Deputy Attorney General.

Mr. Vandenberg, who aided his father, the late Senator Vandenberg, in the development of bipartisan foreign policy, will have as one of his duties the supervision of the new President's engagements. He has been closely associated with General Eisenhower for some time.

Mr. Rogers has been chief counsel for Senate investigating committees which, according to a statement from Eisenhower headquarters, brought forth evidence of "influence peddling, corruption and disloyalty in the Federal Government." When Governor Dewey was District Attorney of New York County, Mr. Rogers was one of his aides. He also served under District Attorney Frank S. Hogan.

In an interview, Mr. Rogers, who is a New York and Washington lawyer, promised to sever all his private legal connections to help General Eisenhower and Herbert Brownell Jr., who will be Attorney General, to clean up the government and restore "the prestige of

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public service, integrity and public morality," and to cooperate fully with Congress and Congressional committees.

Mr. Brownell received a visit at Eisenhower headquarters from Senator Thomas A. Snow of Wisconsin, member of the United States delegation to the United Nations General Assembly and ranking Republican on the Senate Judiciary Committee; Robert Morris, chief counsel of the Senate Select Special Committee on Security, and Roy M. Cohn, special Assistant Attorney General in charge of anti-subversive activities.

According to Senator Wiley, they discussed subversive problems, particularly in the United Nations. Mr. Morris and Mr. Cohn have recently been investigating charges of subversion against United Nations aides of Mr. Morris's committee, of which Senator Pat McCarran, Nevada Democrat, is chairman, would reestimate on Monday.

General Eisenhower spent a crooked evening in the dining room of his Commodore Hotel headquarters but will take today off for Thanksgiving. He will spend his holiday at his home, 40th Street and Madison Avenue.

Two Cabinet Posts Still Open

Eisenhower headquarters will reassemble in New York today. The last of the 28 new appointments of high officials in the new administration are expected to be named in the next few days, according to James C. Hagerty, the President-elect's press secretary. There will be a heavy schedule of work at headquarters tomorrow, Saturday and Sunday, with more job appointments to be announced. Two Cabinet posts remain to be filled, those of Secretary of Commerce and Secretary of Labor.

Mr. Hagerty announced expanded plans for news coverage of General Eisenhower's coming trip to Korea. There will be news representatives for the Presid- ent to be accompanied by three reporters, representing The Associated Press, The United Press and The International News Service; two television photographers and an "off-the-air" pool radio representative. It had previously been planned to take only one photographer, one still photographer and one newswire photographer.

News and pictures will not be released until after General Eisenhower has left Korea.

The press representatives will be Don Whitehead of The Associated Press, Merritt Smith of The United Press and Bob Considine of The International News Service. Frank Jurkevich of International News Photos will represent the photographic press and Los Angeles Times Pool. Dave Oliver of The News will represent the pool newsmen covering the trip, and Everett Holles of the Mutual Broadcasting System will represent the combined radio networks.

Mr. Hagerty said the television networks had arranged for a special pool operation once General Eisenhower's trip was confirmed. He said that in Korea, any pool operations involving television would be covered by Julius Zierler of the National Broadcasting Company, who has been designated as the TV pool representative in Korea.

Announcing yesterday's appointments, Mr. Hagerty said the President-elect, after his inauguration on Jan. 20, would send Mr. Rogers' nomination as Deputy Attorney General to the Senate for confirmation. The nomination will be acted on by the Senate Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Rogers' appointment as Attorney General will be made after the week-end, Mr. Brownell and I had a chance to talk about his new job. He told me that he will have two major aims. First, he plans to recruit the most able and conscientious group of public servants available who will dedicate themselves to the cause of integrity in government. He expects and will demand that those who serve their Government set a good example. This is of the first importance. Second, he cannot be expected to take the laws very seriously if those who are in a position to enforce them are not honest and above reproach. Second, Mr. Brownell intends that his department will enforce the laws of this nation with real vigor and devotion so that the country can be assured that the last several years toward a breakdown in public morality will be reversed.

"The President-elect believes that the public is sick and tired of corruption. The new Attorney General, and the whole Department of Justice which he has built, will conduct a vigorous campaign of law enforcement."

Rogers New to Politics

In reply to questions, Mr. Rogers said he was a Republican but had never taken any part in party politics until he helped Mr. Brownell prepare the fight over contested delegate nominations at the American National Convention in Chicago last July. He said he served in the District Attorney's office as a stranger to politics and had been an independent until then.

The Vandenbush announcement was made by Mr. Hagerty in the name of Gov. Sherman Adams of New Hampshire, who has been designated by General Eisenhower as Assistant to the President, and who will serve as the President-elect's right-hand man at the White House. The appointment will be made after the inauguration.

Referred to his twenty-one years in Washington with his father, Mr. Vandenbush said: "Congress and the Washington scene will not be new to me."

Among General Eisenhower's visitors yesterday was Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, Assistant Secretary of Defense in charge of procurement. She returned Sunday from a trip to Korea. Asked whether she was going to remain in the Government after the change in administration, Mrs. Rosenberg replied: "I went to the Defense Department for eight months to manage our troop camcrams in Europe. In George C. Marshall, I have been there two years and three months, and I think that's long enough for anybody."

"But, she added, if there were anything she could do for General Eisenhower, she would be glad to do it."

Gov. Theodore R. McKeldin of Maryland, who placed General Eisenhower in nomination at Chicago, called on the President-elect and discussed plans for developing continued Republican strength in the South. The Governor said the Eisenhower Administration would crack down on corruption, "some of which has not even been suspected."

He also predicted that the Korean war would "no longer be secondary to the defense plans for Europe," but would become "the nation's most important problem.

Milton S. Pitzele, chairman of the New York State Mediation Board and an editor of Business Week, a magazine, visited the President-elect, but refused to comment on whether he was slated for an administration post, or whether he knew who would be named Secretary of Labor. He said he and General Eisenhower had discussed "some of the obvious problems which have to be dealt with in the field of labor and race relations."

Mr. Pitzele paid a second visit to General Eisenhower in company with James Mitchell, vice president of Bloomingdale's store, who serves as director of industrial manpower in the War Department in World War II. After seeing the President-elect, both men declined to comment.

John Foster Dulles, designated by the President-elect to be Secretary of State, visited Eisenhower headquarters and conferred with Karl Gruber, Austrian Foreign Minister, on Austrian peace treaty and other problems.